

IN THE MATTER OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS AGAINST

LS9106111MED

KENNETH M. SMIGIELSKI, M.D.,

RESPONDENT

The parties to this proceeding for purposes of s. 227.53, Stats., are:

Kenneth M. Smigielski, M.D. 3615 West Oklahoma Avenue Milwaukee WI 53215

Medical Examining Board
Department of Regulation and Licensing
P.O. Box 8935
Madison WI 53708

Division of Enforcement
Department of Regulation and Licensing
P.O. Box 8935
Madison WI 53708

The rights of a party to petition the board for rehearing and to petition for judicial review are set forth in the attached "Notice of Appeal Information."

A hearing was held in this matter on November 19, 1991, with final arguments presented on December 18, 1991. Arthur Thexton appeared for the Division of Enforcement, and Kenneth Smigielski, Respondent, appeared in person and with counsel Daniel Resheter, Jr., of Daniel D. Resheter Jr. Law Office, 3757 South Howell Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53207.

The Administrative Law Judge filed his Proposed Decision in the matter on March 2, 1992. Respondent, by Attorney Resheter, filed his objections to the Proposed Decision on or about March 23, 1992. Mr. Thexton filed his response to the objections on March 30, 1992. The Medical Examining Board considered the matter on June 24, 1992.

Kenneth M. Smigielski, M.D. Page 2

On the basis of the entire record and proceedings in this matter, the Medical Examining Board makes the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Respondent Kenneth M. Smigielski, M.D., is licensed to practice medicine and surgery in the state of Wisconsin, and has an address of 3615 West Oklahoma Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. He is retired from private practice, but is Health Commissioner for the City of St. Francis and Chief Physician for the City of Milwaukee Police Department.
- 2. In August, 1979, Respondent saw patient Anna Watry, who was born on May 7, 1922, in his practice as a physician. Mrs. Watry told Respondent that she was experiencing rectal bleeding, with some clots. Respondent did a rectal examination and found no obstructions. Respondent performed a proctoscopic examination, and diagnosed internal hemorrhoids and proctitis. A barium enema x-ray of the colon and upper gastro-intestinal tract was also negative. Respondent did not schedule any additional examination or consultation.
- 3. Mrs. Watry saw Respondent in June, 1980, when she was complaining of chest pains, and told Respondent that the rectal bleeding was more frequent, and that her stools were frequently very loose. Respondent neither performed nor ordered any examination or testing, and did not make any notes in his charts about any complaint other than the chest pain, diagnosed as a muscle tear.
- 4. Mrs. Watry returned to Respondent in October, 1982, repeating complaints of increased rectal bleeding, and increased frequency of loose stools. Mrs. Watry reported that she was having to get up at night for bowel movements, and that there would regularly be blood in the toilet afterward. Respondent diagnosed diverticulosis without further examination or tests, and did not suggest or order any action beyond a restricted diet, and Lomotil, on the judgment that nothing further was medically necessary.
- 5. Respondent saw Mrs. Watry again in October, 1983, and noted in his chart that her condition, which he identified as diverticulitis, was worse since October, 1982. Mrs. Watry told Respondent that the rectal bleeding was much worse than before, that she was frequently getting up at night for loose bowel movements, and that she was frequently dizzy and faint. Respondent changed the prescription to Combid from Lomotil because he believed Mrs. Watry to be a nervous person in need of the tranquilizer effect of Combid, and ordered Hydrocil, a bulk laxative, but neither performed nor ordered any other examination or test.

- 6. In October, 1984, Mrs. Watry saw Respondent again, reporting that she had frequent loose and bloody stools throughout the day and night on the order of every 20 minutes, and constant abdominal distress and tenderness. Respondent performed a rectal examination, discovering evidence of a large, obstructing tumor. Proctoscopy and biopsy confirmed a malignant tumor. On surgical intervention, the tumor was discovered to have metastasized through the colon wall and into the uterus.
- 7. Respondent's records of this patient do not contain reasonably complete details of the patient's complaints, Respondent's impressions, results of examinations or tests, or support for diagnoses made by Respondent. Respondent relied upon his memory for substantially all of his baseline data about this patient, and affirmatively chose not to record most of the information he obtained from this patient about her condition at each of her visits.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Medical Examining Board has jurisdiction in this matter pursuant to s. 448.02(3), Stats.
- 2. Respondent's failure to follow up on Anna Watry's continued complaints of increasing rectal bleeding and associated symptoms with physical examinations and laboratory studies sufficient to support differential diagnosis and to rule out possibilities other than hemorrhoids, proctitis, and diverticulosis between 1979 and the discovery of the tumor in 1984 constitutes a less than minimally competent course of practice which constituted a danger to the health, welfare and safety of Anna Watry, in violation of s. MED 10.02(2)(h), Wis. Admin. Code.
- 3. Respondent's failure to keep adequate records of Anna Watry's condition between August, 1979 and October, 1984, constitutes less than minimally competent conduct which tended to constitute a danger to Anna Watry's health, welfare and safety, in violation of s. MED 10.02(2)(h), Wis. Admin. Code.

ORDER

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED that the license previously granted to Kenneth M. Smigielski, M.D., to practice medicine and surgery in the state of Wisconsin be, and hereby is, suspended for a period of six months, commencing 30 days from the date hereof.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Dr. Smigielski shall, within seven months from the date hereof, successfully complete a course in risk management approved in advance by the board.

Kenneth M. Smigielski, M.D. Page 4

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Dr. Smigielski shall, within seven months from the date hereof, successfully complete 30 hours of continuing medical education satisfactory to the board in the area of gastroenterology.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to Wis. Stats. sec. 440.22, the assessable costs of this proceeding, in the amount of \$5071.60, be imposed on respondent.

EXPLANATION OF VARIANCE

The board has adopted the ALJ's Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law in their entirety. The board has not, however, accepted the ALJ's recommendation that Dr. Smigielski's license be revoked. Instead, it is ordered that the license be suspended for six months and that Dr. Smigielski complete relevant continuing medical education courses prior to termination of the period of suspension.

While revocation of the license in this case could perhaps be justified, the board considers the disciplinary objectives of protection of the public, rehabilitation of this licensee, and deterrence of other licensees to be properly subserved by the order imposed hereby. See State v. Aldrich, 71 Wis. 2d 206, and State v. McIntyre, 41 Wis. 2d 481. Dr. Smigielski is now in the twilight of a long and successful career and he no longer maintains an active office practice. The Administrative Law Judge was mindful of this factor, but nonetheless considered the goal of deterring other physicians from similar conduct to militate for revocation. The board agrees that deterrence is a disciplinary factor even where, as here, the misconduct cannot be ascribed to bad intent. The board concludes that suspension of the license for six months appropriately responds to that goal, however. And, when the suspension is combined with the requirement for completion of relevant continuing medical education, the ordered discipline appropriately addresses the goals of rehabilitation and public protection as well.

Dated this $\frac{34}{}$ day of June, 1992.

STATE OF WISCONSIN MEDICAL EXAMINING BOARD

B. Ann Neviaser

Secretary

IN THE MATTER OF DISCIPLINARY

PROCEEDINGS AGAINST

AFFIDAVIT OF COSTS

: OFFICE OF BOARD LEGAL SERVICES

KENNETH M. SMIGIELSKI, M.D.,

RESPONDENT.

LS 9106111 MED

State of Wisconsin, County of Dane, ss.:

James E. Polewski, being first duly sworn on oath, deposes and says:

:

- 1. He is an attorney licensed to practice law in Wisconsin, and is employed by the Division of Administrative Services, Department of Regulation and Licensing.
- 2. In the course of that employment, he was assigned to act as Administrative Law Judge in the above captioned case, and in the course of that assignment expended the following time and incurred the following expenses on behalf of the Office of Board Legal Services, Division of Administrative Services:

Date	Activity	<u>Time</u>
8/13/91	Prepare prehearing notice	10 minutes
8/20/91	Prehearing conference	20 minutes
	Prepare prehearing memorandum	20 minutes
11/5/91	Prehearing/motions	10 minutes
	Draft Adjournment order	10 minutes
11/19/91	Hearing	8 hours
12/18/91	Final Arguments	1 hour, 5 minutes
2/26/92	Draft decision	3 hours
2/27/92	Draft decision	3 hours
2/28/92	Draft decision	3 hours, 15 minutes
	TOTAL	19 hours, 30 minutes
Costs	ALI Salary and Renefits (\$24.75/hr.)	\$482.62

Costs, ALJ Salary and Benefits (\$24.75/hr.) \$482.62 Expenses, Transcript and Reporter 923.20

TOTAL ASSESSABLE COSTS, BOARD LEGAL SERVICES

\$1405.82

James E. Polewski

Sworn to and Subscribed before me this 5th day of March, 1992.

Notary Fublic

My Commission is Permanent

- IN THE MATTER OF THE DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS AGAINST	:	
KENNETH M. SMIGIELSKI, M.D., RESPONDENT.	: : :	AFFIDAVIT IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR COSTS

STATE OF WISCONSIN)

COUNTY OF DANE)

Arthur Thexton, being duly on affirmation, deposes and states as follows:

- 1. That he is an attorney licensed in the state of Wisconsin and is employed by the Wisconsin Department of Regulation and Licensing, Division of Enforcement:
- 2. That in the course of those duties he was assigned as a prosecutor in the above captioned matter; and
- 3. That set out below are the costs of the proceeding accrued to the Division of Enforcement in this matter, based upon Division of Enforcement records compiled in the regular course of agency business in the above-captioned matter.

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY EXPENSE

<u>Date</u> 2/4/91		Time Spent
2/4/31	letter to Dr. Enders	1.0
4/16/91	Telephone conference with Dr. Enders	0.4
4/17/91	Prepare complaint	1.5
6/3/91	Prepare Notice of Hearing	0.4
8/20/91	Pretrial conference	0.6
8/28/91	Prepare for and meet with Atty Resheter	1.0
9/5/91	Travel to Eau Claire, conference with Dr. Enders and Atty Resheter	8.0

9/10–11/91	Telephone conference with UW Medical School CME staff, letter to same, review file	1.0
9/23/91	Telephone conference with Dr. Meyer, letter to Atty Resheter	0.6
10/15/91	Telephone conference with Atty Resheter. Draft stipulation. Letter to Dr. Meyer.	2.0
10/21/91	Telephone conference with Atty Resheter. New draft of stipulation. Telephone conference with Dr. Meyer.	1.0
11/1/91	Telephone conference with Atty Resheter, revise draft of stipulation. Telephone conference with board advisor.	1.2
11/4/91	Telephone conference with Atty Resheter. Draft motion for postponement. Conference with Inv. Schaut.	1.0
11/12/91	View videotaped deposition of Mrs. Watry	0.5
11/13/91	Review depositions of witnesses.	2.0
11/14/91	Review videotaped deposition of Mrs. Watry	3.0
11/15/91	Review depositions, telephone conference with Atty Resheter.	3.0
11/18/91	Trial preparation. Conference with Dr. Enders.	12.0
11/19/91	Trial.	9.0
11/22/91	Telephone conference with Atty Resheter	0.2
12/4/91	Review transcript of Hanson deposition	1.0
12/5/91	Telephone conference with ALJ and Atty Resheter.	0.3
12/17/91	Prepare final argument.	4.0
12/18/91	Conduct final argument before ALJ.	1.5
3/6/92	Review proposed ALJ decision.	0.5
3/23/92	Receive, review andfile Respondent's Objections	0.7

3/24/92	First draft of response to Respondent's Objection telephone conference with Atty Resheter. Draft stipulation. Telephone conference with board advisor. Confer with Atty Zwieg.	ens, 4.0
	advisor. Confer with Atty Zwieg.	4.0
6/23/92	Review file for oral argument before MEB.	1.0
6/24/92	Prepare for and conduct oral argument.	1.0
6/24/92	Telephone conferences with Atty Resheter re: order provisions and effective date.	0.6
6/25/92	Review file for billings and time records. Letter to Dr. Enders.	0.8
6/29/92	Prepare Affidavit of Costs.	2.0
TOTAL HOURS		
1011111 11001		64.6

Total attorney expense for 64.6 hours and minutes at \$30.00 per hour (based upon average salary and benefits for Division of Enforcement attorneys) equals: \$1,938.00

INVESTIGATOR EXPENSE FOR SUE SCHAUT

<u>Date</u> 1/25/90	Activity Review file, telephone calls and letters.	Time Spent 0.8
3/1/90	Summarize depositions	1.0
4/26/90	Telephone call and memo of same.	0.4
5/2/90	Prepare file for board advisor review.	1.0
5/23/90	Review file with board advisor, memo of same.	0.2
7/13/90	Summarize depositions.	3.0
11/4/91	Conference with Atty Thexton	0.2
11/19/92	Attend trial.	9.0
TOTAL HOURS		
	_	15.6

Total investigator expense for
15.6 hours and minutes at \$18.00 per hour
(based upon average salary and benefits
for Division of Enforcement investigators) equals:
\$280.80

EXPERT WITNESS FEES

1. Gene G. Enders	\$ 1,135.68
MISCELLANEOUS DISBURSEMENTS	
1 Mileage to and from Eau Claire.	\$ 88.00
2. Meal expense in Eau Claire.	\$ 6.30
3. Special shipping of video to Atty Resheter.	\$ 5.00
4. Atty Zwieg preparation for oral argument (until postponed), 4.0 hrs @ 30.00.	\$ 120.00
5. Copy of videotaped deposition of Mrs. Watry.	\$ 73.00
6. Medical record copies of Mrs. Watry's chart.	\$ 19.00
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS	\$ 311.30
TOTAL ASSESSABLE COSTS	\$ 3,665.78

Arthur Thexton, Prosecuting Attorney

Subscribed and affirmed to before me this 29 day of June, 1992.

Notary Public

My commission so permanent

2042

NOTICE OF APPEAL INFORMATION

(Notice of Rights for Rehearing or Judicial Review, the times allowed for each, and the identification of the party to be named as respondent)

The following notice is served on you as part of the final decision:

1. Rehearing.

Any person aggrieved by this order may petition for a rehearing within 20 days of the service of this decision, as provided in section 227.49 of the Wisconsin Statutes, a copy of which is attached. The 20 day period commences the day after personal service or mailing of this decision. (The date of mailing of this decision is shown below.) The petition for rehearing should be filed with the State of Wisconsin Medical Examining Board.

A petition for rehearing is not a prerequisite for appeal directly to circuit court through a petition for judicial review.

2. Judicial Review.

Any person aggrieved by this decision has a right to petition f r judicial review of this decision as provided in section 227.53 of the Wisconsin Statutes, a copy of which is attached. The petition should be filed in circuit court and served upon the State of Wisconsin Medical Examining Board

within 30 days of service of this decision if there has been no petition for rehearing, or within 30 days of service of the order finally disposing of the petition for rehearing, or within 30 days after the final disposition by operation of law of any petition for rehearing.

The 30 day period commences the day after personal service or mailing of the decision or order, or the day after the final disposition by operation of the law of any petition for rehearing. (The date of mailing of this decision is shown below.) A petition for judicial review should be served upon, and name as the respondent, the following: the State of Wisconsin Medical Examining Board.

The date of mailing of this decision isJuly 7, 1992	
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IN THE MATTER OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS AGAINST

: NOTICE OF FILING
: PROPOSED DECISION
: LS9106111MED

KENNETH M. SMIGIELSKI, M.D., RESPONDENT.

TO: Daniel Resheter, Jr., Attorney 3757 South Howell Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53207 Certified P 568 982 688 Arthur Thexton, Attorney
Department of Regulation and Licensing
Division of Enforcement
P.O. Box 8935
Madison, WI 53708

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a Proposed Decision in the above-captioned matter has been filed with the Medical Examining Board by the Administrative Law Judge, James E. Polewski. A copy of the Proposed Decision is attached hereto.

If you have objections to the Proposed Decision, you may file your objections in writing, briefly stating the reasons, authorities, and supporting arguments for each objection. Your objections and argument must be received at the office of the Medical Examining Board, Room 178, Department of Regulation and Licensing, 1400 East Washington Avenue, P.O. Box 8935, Madison, Wisconsin 53708, on or before March 23, 1992. You must also provide a copy of your objections and argument to all other parties by the same date.

You may also file a written response to any objections to the Proposed Decision. Your response must be received at the office of the Medical Examining Board no later than seven (7) days after receipt of the objections. You must also provide a copy of your response to all other parties by the same date.

The attached Proposed Decision is the Administrative Law Judge's recommendation in this case and the Order included in the Proposed Decision is not binding upon you. After reviewing the Proposed Decision together, with any objections and arguments filed, the Medical Examining Board will issue a binding Final Decision and Order.

Dated at Madison, Wisconsin this 64 day of More

1- E-7-1

Administrative Law Judge

IN THE MATTER OF DISCIPLINARY : PROCEEDINGS AGAINST

PROPOSED DECISION

KENNETH M. SMIGIELSKI, M.D.,

LS 9106111 MED

RESPONDENT.

The parties to this proceeding for purposes of s. 227.53, Stats., are:

Kenneth M. Smigielski, M.D. 3615 West Oklahoma Avenue Milwaukee WI 53215

Medical Examining Board Department of Regulation and Licensing P.O. Box 8935 Madison WT 53708

Division of Enforcement Department of Regulation and Licensing P.O. Box 8935 Madison 53708 WI

A hearing was held in this matter on November 19, 1991, with final arguments presented on December 18, 1991. Arthur Thexton appeared for the Division of Enforcement, and Kenneth Smigielski, Respondent, appeared in person and with counsel Daniel Resheter, Jr., of Daniel D. Resheter Jr. Law Office, 3757 South Howell Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53207. On the basis of the entire record and proceedings in this matter, the administrative law judge recommends that the Medical Examining Board adopt the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, Order and Opinion as its Final Decision and Order in this matter.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Respondent Kenneth M. Smigielski, M.D., is licensed to practice medicine and surgery in the state of Wisconsin, and has an address of 3615 West Oklahoma Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. He is retired from private practice, but is Health Commissioner for the City of St. Francis and Chief Physician for the City of Milwaukee Police Department.
 - 2. In August, 1979, Respondent saw patient Anna Watry, who was born on May

- 7, 1922, in his practice as a physician. Mrs. Watry told Respondent that she was experiencing rectal bleeding, with some clots. Respondent did a rectal examination and found no obstructions. Respondent performed a proctoscopic examination, and diagnosed internal hemorrhoids and proctitis. A barium enema x-ray of the colon and upper gastro-intestinal tract was also negative. Respondent did not schedule any additional examination or consultation.
- 3. Mrs. Watry saw Respondent in June, 1980, when she was complaining of chest pains, and told Respondent that the rectal bleeding was more frequent, and that her stools were frequently very loose. Respondent neither performed nor ordered any examination or testing, and did not make any notes in his charts about any complaint other than the chest pain, diagnosed as a muscle tear.
- 4. Mrs. Watry returned to Respondent in October, 1982, repeating complaints of increased rectal bleeding, and increased frequency of loose stools. Mrs. Watry reported that she was having to get up at night for bowel movements, and that there would regularly be blood in the toilet afterward. Respondent diagnosed diverticulosis without further examination or tests, and did not suggest or order any action beyond a restricted diet, and Lomotil, on the judgment that nothing further was medically necessary.
- 5. Respondent saw Mrs. Watry again in October, 1983, and noted in his chart that her condition, which he identified as diverticulitis, was worse since October, 1982. Mrs. Watry told Respondent that the rectal bleeding was much worse than before, that she was frequently getting up at night for loose bowel movements, and that she was frequently dizzy and faint. Respondent changed the prescription to Combid from Lomotil because he believed Mrs. Watry to be a nervous person in need of the tranquilizer effect of Combid, and ordered Hydrocil, a bulk laxative, but neither performed nor ordered any other examination or test.
- 6. In October, 1984, Mrs. Watry saw Respondent again, reporting that she had frequent loose and bloody stools throughout the day and night on the order of every 20 minutes, and constant abdominal distress and tenderness. Respondent performed a rectal examination, discovering evidence of a large, obstructing tumor. Proctoscopy and biopsy confirmed a malignant tumor. On surgical intervention, the tumor was discovered to have metastasized through the colon wall and into the uterus.
- 7. Respondent's records of this patient do not contain reasonably complete details of the patient's complaints, Respondent's impressions, results of examinations or tests, or support for diagnoses made by Respondent. Respondent relied upon his memory for substantially all of his baseline data about this patient, and affirmatively chose not to record most of the information he obtained from this patient about her condition at each of her visits.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Medical Examining Board has jurisdiction in this matter pursuant to s. 448.02(3), Stats.
- 2. Respondent's failure to follow up on Anna Watry's continued complaints of increasing rectal bleeding and associated symptoms with physical examinations and laboratory studies sufficient to support differential diagnosis and to rule out possibilities other than hemorrhoids, proctitis, and diverticulosis between 1979 and the discovery of the tumor in 1984 constitutes a less than minimally competent course of practice which constituted a danger to the health, welfare and safety of Anna Watry, in violation of s. MED 10.02(2)(h), Wis. Admin. Code.
- 3. Respondent's failure to keep adequate records of Anna Watry's condition between August, 1979 and October, 1984, constitutes less than minimally competent conduct which tended to constitute a danger to Anna Watry's health, welfare and safety, in violation of s. MED 10.02(2)(h), Wis. Admin. Code.

ORDER

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED that the license previously granted to Kenneth M. Smigielski to practice medicine and surgery in the state of Wisconsin be, and hereby is, REVOKED, commencing 30 days after the date of this Order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the assessable costs of this proceeding be imposed upon Kenneth M. Smigielski, pursuant to s. 440.22, Stats.

OPINION

Dr. Smigielski failed in his duty to Anna Watry to practice in a minimally competent professional fashion, and the failure continued over a period of years as the standard rather than the exception. The evidence presented by Dr. Smigielski himself demonstrates a lack of curiosity for why a woman would experience years of increasing rectal bleeding, abdominal distress, and disturbing elimination patterns that never responded to any of the treatments prescribed to deal with them. Dr. Smigielski never seemed to conclude that his patient's symptoms were normal, or even normal for Anna Watry, but he exhibited no particular interest in the cause of the condition or its long term effects. His records of his care for Anna Watry are of very little value, since they are, by Respondent's admission, incomplete. There is no support in his records that Respondent had any more than a superficial knowledge of his patient's health. Dr. Smigielski testified that he knew his patients well enough that all he required were notes of his positive findings, and that his memory was sufficient to guide his judgment for the course of his care of his patients.

Dr. Smigielski's testimony indicates that he regularly saw 25 patients a His records indicate that he saw Anna Watry about once a year. His claim of sufficient memory to remember her specific condition from one visit to the next, or to evaluate changes in her condition from year to year, is suspect simply on the basis of the number of individuals about whom he would have to be maintaining a detailed memory if this was indeed his standard record keeping practice. His testimony indicates that it was his practice not to keep specific records of prescriptions ordered for his patients with the patient files, and to discard substantial portions of separate prescription records without transferring the information to the permanent file. Either the gentleman has a phenomenal memory, or his records and memory combined were not the equivalent of minimally satisfactory patient records. Given his inability to recall specific details of authoritative cancer screening recommendations, and various other gaps and inaccuracies of described memory in his testimony, I conclude that he does not have sufficient memory to reliably recall the myriad details of dozens of patients' histories, and correctly assign the details to the individuals to whom they pertain.

In October, 1983, the year before Respondent discovered Anna Watry's cancer, he noted in his records that her condition, which he had diagnosed as diverticulitis the year before without a recent examination or any test, was worse than before. That was the only mention of what Anna Watry testified in her deposition was her report to Respondent that she was much worse than before, with more blood, more frequent loose stools, frequent episodes at night, dizziness, and weakness. "Diverticulitis worse" does not convey much of a sense of scope of the patient's complaint, and does not provide much detail. Respondent did not do anything for Anna Watry in 1983, or even suggest further investigation.

This case is not one of a single incident, or of a brief relationship with a patient in which a doctor misjudges a condition, or fails to accurately diagnose a critical condition, and the patient dies within hours or days of first seeing the physician. This is a case where the physician, over a course of several years, develops a relationship with a patient who trusts him to be her primary physician for all her needs, and the physician fails to exhibit ordinary curiosity as to the cause of her continuing and increasingly frequent and severe symptoms. Indeed, there is no reason to believe the physician even recognized that there might possibly be a significant problem.

The overwhelming weight of the evidence is that this man did not practice medicine in a competent fashion in this case, that he does not recognize or will not admit that he was not practicing in a minimally competent fashion, and that almost every physician who reviewed this patient's care was critical of Respondent's conduct as being less than the necessary care. The single exception was the physician hired to defend Respondent's treatment of Anna Watry, and that physician's deposition is notable for the patronizing, evasive, incomplete, and willfully obstructionist character of the answers given to almost every question bearing upon Respondent's treatment of Anna

Watry. On the whole, Respondent's expert's opinion is entitled to very little weight.

The purposes of discipline in this situation are the protection of the public, the deterrence of similar conduct by other licensees, and the rehabilitation of the Respondent. Respondent testified that he has retired from the active practice of medicine, and is now limiting his work to activities in which he does not take on responsibility for patients. To that extent, Respondent does not pose a threat to the health, safety or welfare of any particular individual, having already removed himself from physician-patient relationships. However, there is a continuing threat to general public welfare in that he continues to advise civic authorities on matters of public health and has some responsibility for the health, safety, and welfare of the police officers of a large city. Rehabilitation of the licensee is not an issue where the licensee has retired, but the goal of deterring similar conduct would be thwarted by permitting Respondent to maintain his license simply because he has left the active clinical practice of medicine.

Dated this 2d day of March, 1992.

James E. Polewski

Administrative Law Judge

IN THE MATTER OF DISCIPLINARY

PROCEEDINGS AGAINST :

AFFIDAVIT OF COSTS
OFFICE OF BOARD LEGAL SERVICES

KENNETH M. SMIGIELSKI, M.D., : LS 9106111 MED

RESPONDENT.

State of Wisconsin, County of Dane, ss.:

James E. Polewski, being first duly sworn on oath, deposes and says:

- 1. He is an attorney licensed to practice law in Wisconsin, and is employed by the Division of Administrative Services, Department of Regulation and Licensing.
- 2. In the course of that employment, he was assigned to act as Administrative Law Judge in the above captioned case, and in the course of that assignment expended the following time and incurred the following expenses on behalf of the Office of Board Legal Services, Division of Administrative Services:

Date	Activity	<u>Time</u>
8/13/91	Prepare prehearing notice	10 minutes
8/20/91	Prehearing conference	20 minutes
	Prepare prehearing memorandum	20 minutes
11/5/91	Prehearing/motions	10 minutes
	Draft Adjournment order	10 minutes
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2/26/92	Draft decision	3 hours
2/27/92	Draft decision	3 hours
2/28/92	Draft decision	3 hours, 15 minutes
	TOTAL	19 hours, 30 minutes

Costs, ALJ Salary and Benefits (\$24.75/hr.) \$482.62 Expenses, Transcript and Reporter 923.20

TOTAL ASSESSABLE COSTS, BOARD LEGAL SERVICES

\$1405.82

James E. Polewski

Sworn to and Subscribed before me this 5th day of March, 1992.

Notary Fublic

My Commission is Permanent